

Feeling Hip Again Gold Standard Hip Fracture Care Every Patient, Every Time



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Case for change

Hip fracture is an injury to the proximal femur and is more common in older people. It is the most serious and costly fall related injury in older people. In many cases, it is a life-changing injury, the majority of patients requiring surgery and hospitalisation.

In 2018, there were **159 hip fracture patients** admitted to SVHS. These patients were in hospital **for 2 days longer** than our peer hospitals.

The potential impacts of a longer length of stay to our patients are;

- Poor patient experience and outcomes
- Increased risk of Hospital Acquired Complications (e.g. pressure injuries, fall in hospital)
- Higher rate of morbidity & mortality
- Detrimental impact on triple aim; cost to patient, cost to organisation, cost to whole of health

Goal

To provide gold standard care to every hip fracture patient at St Vincent's Hospital Sydney by June 2020.

Objectives

- I. Reduce average length of stay for hip fracture patients from nine to seven days, to be in line with peer benchmark hospitals by June 2020.
- II. Allow 85% of hip fracture patients to understand the discharge process and be included in the co-model of care by June 2020.
- III. Increase awareness of staff, by June 2020, of the post-operative process and discharge plan for hip fracture patients, from 40% to 100% by June 2020.

Method **Diagnostics** Data analysis (2017-2019); Process Mapping (n=14; Health Round Table multidisciplinary team (MDT): ANZ Hip Fracture Registry nursing, allied health, medical, SVHNS Qlikview data pain team, consumer representative) Staff surveys (n=26, nurses, Patient interviews (n=3) medical and allied health) Nursing staff focus group (n =10) Clinical Notes Audit (n=23) **Solution Planning** Environmental Scan; Solutions Workshop: Brainstorming & Power of 3 Peer Benchmarking and (n=14 MDT, consumer Literature reviews representative, re-design lead) Heat Mapping and stakeholder Root Cause Analysis: 5 Why's management

Implementation of Solutions



Discharge Huddle

Daily care coordination meeting supported by executive, attended by MDT. Use of Expected date of Discharge (EDD) and determining discharge options earlier.



Development of localised care pathway integrating Hip Fracture Standards
Commenced designing of Clinical Pathway for hip fracture patients with the ortho-geriatrics MDT.

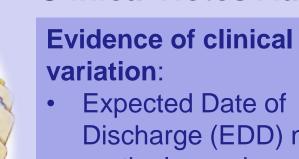


Patient Care Boards
Implementation on hold
due to decentralisation of
orthopaedic ward in
COVID surge planning.

Staff Survey 11.5% of staff are satisfied with the care of hip facture patients 39% of staff reported no knowledge of the

Diagnostics.

Clinical Notes Audit National Data Con



Discharge (EDD) not routinely used

No standardised discharge pathway including referral to rehab

and other services

National Data Comparison

ANZHFR comparison:

there was a

clear plan"

Patient characteristics:

74% admitted from

52% walk without aid

SVHS average LOS= 9.7days

SVHS vs National

before hip fracture

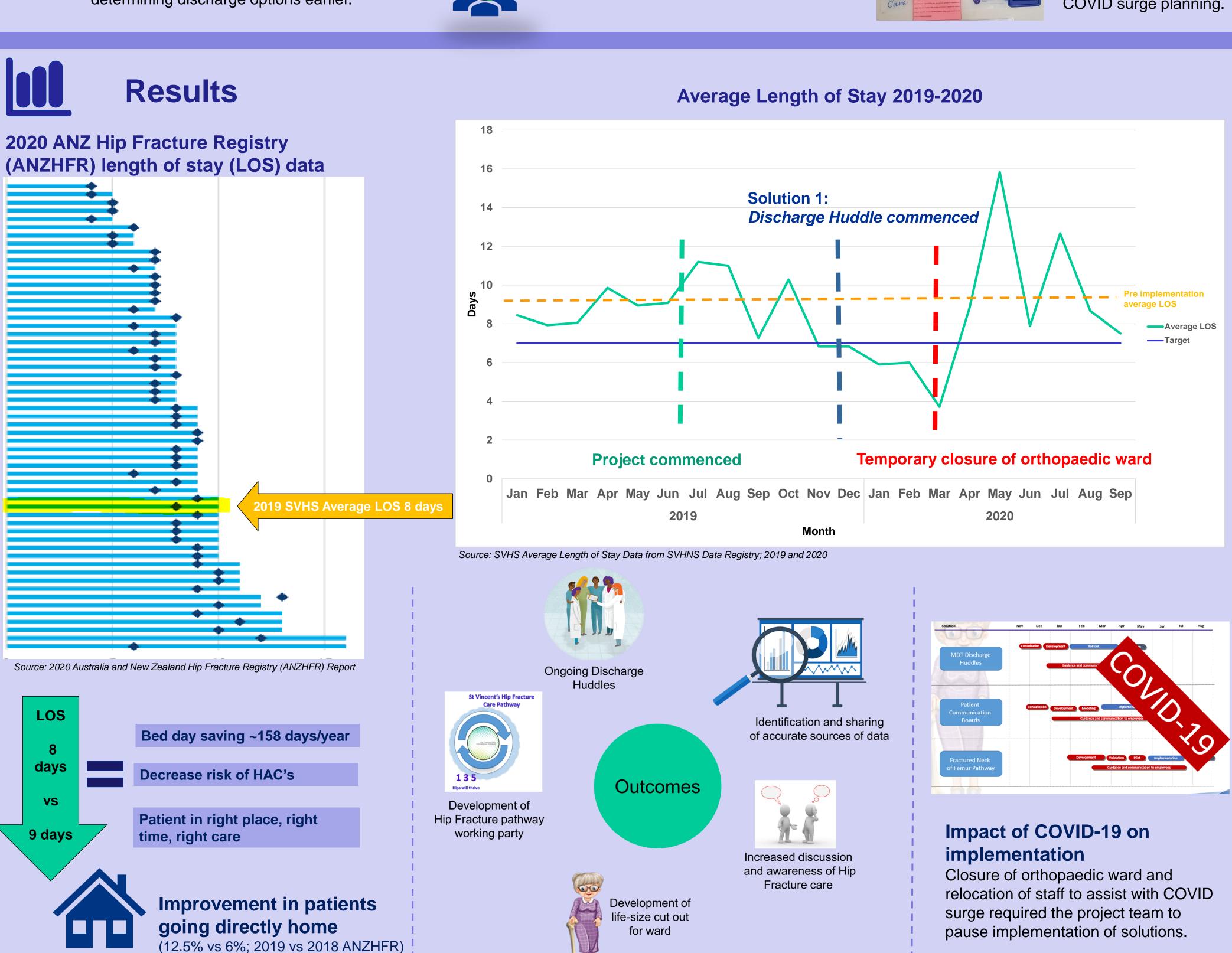
- 10% more hip fracture patients are transferred to inpatient rehab
- 6% SVHS patients go directly home from their acute admission (compared to 12% nationally)

Sustaining change

- Ongoing use and reporting of ANZHFR data to ensure continuous review and quality improvement, both hospital- and state-wide.
- Appointment of dedicated staff members to monitor initiatives, collect data and report to managers, staff and executive.
- Length of Stay Targets set for hip fracture patients.
- Hip Fracture education to form part of new staff orientation schedules and annual Clinical Education program.

Lessons Learnt

- Executive and reinforcing sponsorship needs to be strong and sustained to ensure maximum impact.
- Project team needs to be flexible and adaptive to unforeseeable disruption to implementation deliverables (e.g. impact of COVID planning on environment) and remain committed to original project objectives to re-create the momentum originally gained.
- Stakeholder engagement and buy in is key to the success of project.



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References

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Conclusion

Each solution is at different stages of implementation and work has recommenced to engage stakeholders and sponsors. COVID-19 has provided a disrupted platform integrate the use of innovative technology and lessons learned from COVID into change management approaches.

Results from this project will be reported and shared with ACI Hip Fracture Care Community of Practice and Clinical Advisory Group. This will allow for translation of ideas to other health services across NSW to facilitate state-wide improvement of Hip Fracture care under the Leading Better Value Care Initiative.